

Universiteit Utrecht

- Faculty of Law, Economics and Governance
 - School of Governance

NSGO: The Netherlands

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Play The Game, 26 November 2017

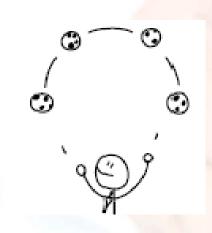
Sport Governance Code (2005)



13 recommendations

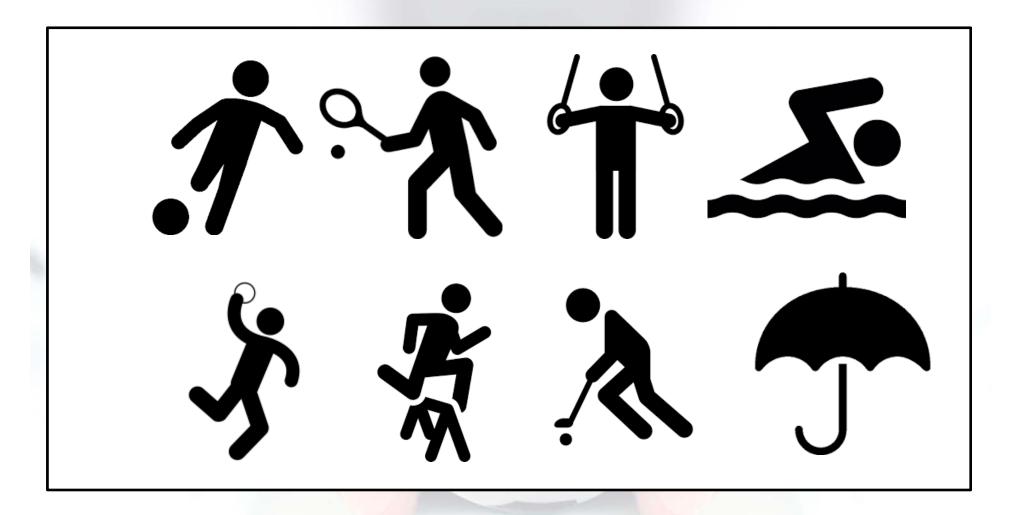
- "Apply or explain"
- Responsibility of sport federations and NOC*NSF

Call for transition

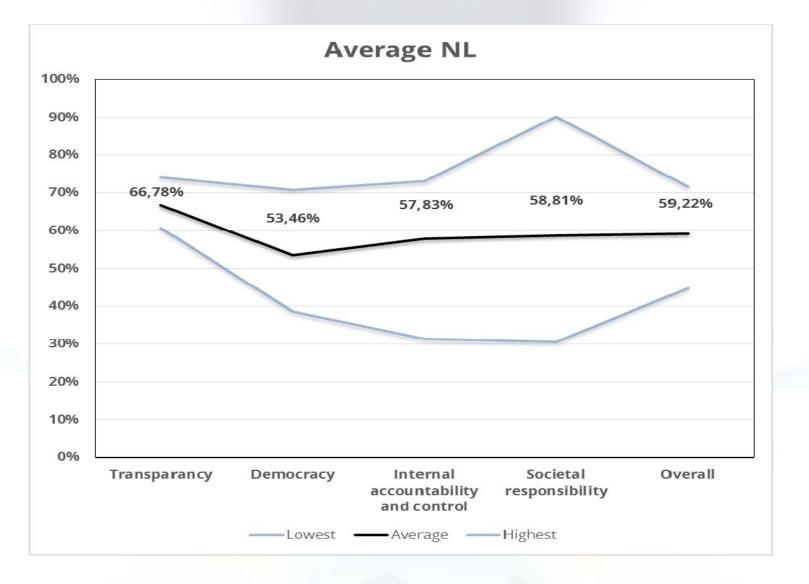


- Incidents
- Ambitions
- Sustainable finance
- Efficiency and effectiviness
- Representation

Participating sportfederations



Findings



Highest and lowest scores

Principle		Average score NL
1	The organisation publishes its statutes/ constitution, internal regulations,	100%
	organisation chart, sports rules and multi-annual policy plan on its website.	
4	The organisation publishes information about its board members on its website.	95,83%
45	The organisation implements a policy on promoting sport for all.	91,67%
43	The organisation implements a policy for the promotion of environmental sustainability.	26,79%
18	The organisation ensures the participation of volunteers its policy processes.	25,00%
10	The organisation has a nomination committee.	18,75%

Conclusions

- Diversity between sport federations
- Awareness and attention for good governance
- Many aspects have been formalised, but not all according to NSGO standards (sometimes due to cultural context and transition phase)
- Procedures with regards to the composition of the board and (external) evaluation of its functioning deserve attention
- Remarkable: lack of policy on gender balance

Debate

- What about the smaller federations?
- Urgency to revise the current Sport Governance Code?
- Involvement of stakeholders in and outside sport?
- How can the NSGO be of use in this process?



Thank you for your attention

