

## STADIUMS FOR PROFESSIONAL SPORT: BUSINESS OR PHILANTROPHY?

Play the Game, Aarhus, Denmark 26/10/2015

Analyst Jens Alm







### DANISH FA STADIUM REQUIREMENTS

Introduced 2003

## Krav til danske fodboldstadioner

"A stadium that within all areas are of high quality, will attract more spectators and thus financial resources to the owner and/or license applicant. It allows possibilities to fund future stadium facilities and serves as a major source of income forms for the license applicant" (Danish FA, 2015, p. 39)

- Floodlight
- Safety/security
- Conditions for press and media







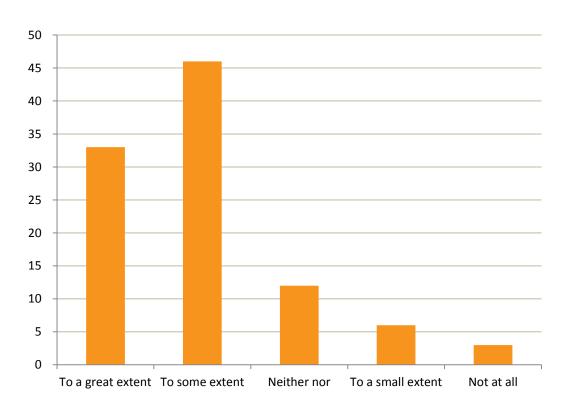
## INVESTMENTS IN STADIUMS TARGETED ELITE SPORT

- A majority of the stadiums are publicly owned
- Few private stadiums
- €406 million in stadiums since 2000¹
- Mostly public investments

<sup>1</sup>Based on surveys from 2007 and 2014



# HIGH POLICY PRIORITY TO PROVIDE GOOD FACILITIES FOR ELITE SPORT (%) (N=34)

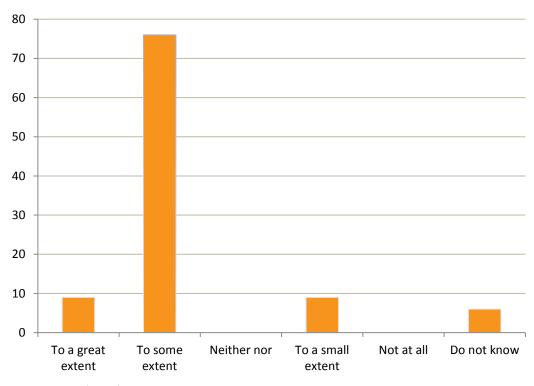


Source: Alm (2014)





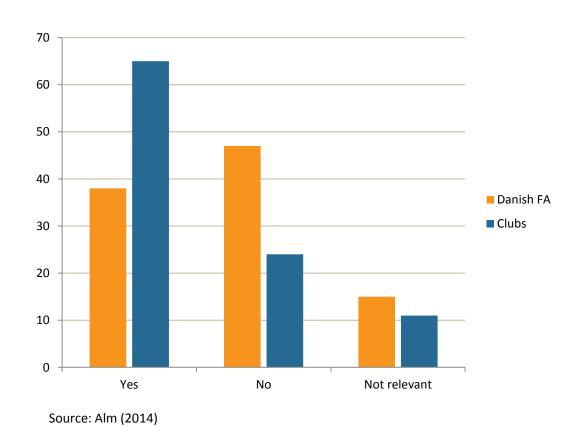
# INVESTMENTS IN STADIUMS TARGETED ELITE SPORT AS A PUBLIC TASK (%) (n=34)





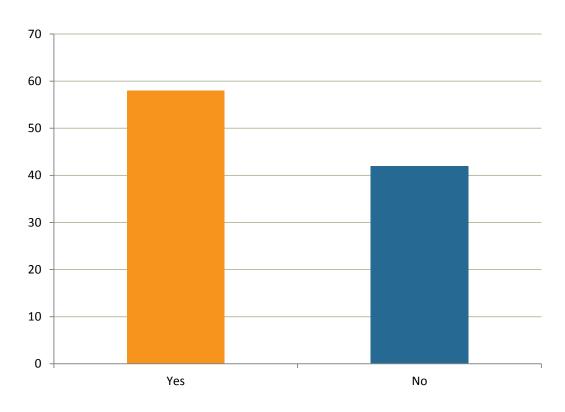








# MADE INVESTMENTS TO MEET THE STADIUM REQUIREMENTS FROM CLUBS OR THE FA (%) (n=54)



Source: Alm (2014)





### STADIUM RENTAL AGREEMENTS IN DENMARK

## STADIONLEJE I DANMARK

Notat om danske superligaklubbers lejeforhold

Søren Bang, Jens Alm og Rasmus K. Storm

Notat / Juni 2014

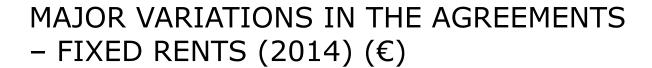


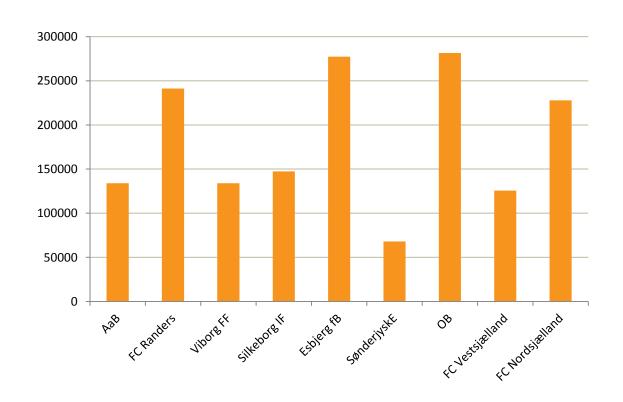


### MUNICIPAL OWNED STADIUMS













## RENTAL AGREEMENTS (2014) (€)

Club [Municipality]	Fixed rent	Variable rent	Costs for commercial rights	Payment for usage and maintenance
AaB [Aalborg]	134,000	0,67 per spectator. Between 2680 to 147,500 for catering/commercial plus 40,000 for naming rights		-
RFC [Randers]	241,200	14,740 per additional game	-	Electricity consumption over a set limit
VFF [Viborg]	134,000	- 6700 yearly for naming rights		-
SIF [Silkeborg]	107,200 -147,440	-	343,130 for naming rights	Pitch heating
EfB [Esbjerg]	277,180			48,255 for maintenance , part of the fixed rent. Expenses for certain level of consumption
SønderjyskE [Haderslev]	67,980	-	-	Usage: Yes
OB [Odense]	281,470 Additional costs at more than 20 - games		-	OB owns through parent company part of the stadium
FCV [Slagelse]	125,590	-	-	Costs for energy consumption
FCN [Furesø]	227,860	Fee on entrance revenues over 335,100	Costs for naming rights (price not provided)	Partly for usage



## REVENUE IN RELATION TO FIXED RENT (€)

Club [Municipality]	Fixed rent 2013/14	Revenue 2013	Fixed rent 2007	Revenue 2007	Fixed rent 2005	Revenue 2005
AaB [Aalborg]	134,000	11,326,723	134,000	18,399,510	134,000	10,026,620
RFC [Randers]	241,200	9,867,590	180,960	7,425,590	-	2,350,820
VFF [Viborg]	134,000	3,026,870	127,340	5,249,379	107,240 (2002)	4,610,700
SIF [Silkeborg]	107,200 - 147,440	9,726,350	134,050	4,552,460	0	3,857,570
EfB [Esbjerg]	277,180	16,277,500	116,620	7,933400	41,000	5,077500
SønderjyskE [Haderslev]	67,980	6,106,000	16,755	-	-	-
OB [Odense]	281,470	23,951,550	22,7880	27,443,000	214,470	5,885,270
FCV [Slagelse]	125,590	F	-	-	-	-
FCN [Furesø]	227,860	22,140,210	187,660	9,844450	-	4,533,000



## BUT HOW MUCH DO DANISH CLUBS PAY IN COMPARANCE TO OTHERS?

#### Olympia, Helsingborg, Sweden



Photo: JKAB Arkitekter

#### Nordjyske Arena, Aalborg, Denmark



Photo: Friis & Moltke Architects

#### Falcon Alkoholfri Arena, Falkenberg, Sweden



Photo: Municipality of Falkenberg

#### Blue Water Arena, Esbjerg, Denmark



Photo: DR Syd





Club [Municipality]	Inhabitants	Championships	Stadium capacity	Average attendance the last five seasons
AaB [Aalborg]	207,805	Four	13,800	7286
EfB [Esbjerg]	115,446	Five	17,181	6674
HIF [Helsingborg]	136,653	Five	16,500 <sup>1</sup>	9952
FFF [Falkenberg]	41,000	Zero	5500²	2044

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The stadium is under construction and will open 2017. The new capacity will be 15,000.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The stadium is under construction and will open 2017.

Fixed rent	Variable match day	Commercial rights/catering/naming rights	Maximum payment
€134,000	€0,67 per spectator. Between €2,680 to €5,560 per game	€187,500	€416,020
€277,180	-		€277,280 + costs for the usage of LED-banner & big screens
€21,370³	From 5,000 spectators and upwards the club pays between €2,14 to €10,68 per game	€160,260 plus €1 per spectator and game	€1,388,960
€286,270⁴	-	Possibility to sell the naming rights included in the rent	€286,270
	€134,000 €277,180 €21,370 <sup>3</sup>	€134,000 €0,67 per spectator. Between €2,680 to €5,560 per game  €277,180 -  €21,370³ From 5,000 spectators and upwards the club pays between €2,14 to €10,68 per game	rights/catering/naming rights  €134,000 €0,67 per spectator. Between €2,680 to €5,560 per game  €277,180 -  €21,370³ From 5,000 spectators and upwards the club pays between €2,14 to €10,68 per game  €286,270⁴ - Possibility to sell the naming

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Current fixed rent at the old stadium is €91,180.





## REVENUE IN RELATION TO THE RENT (€)

Club	Rent 2014	Revenue	Percentage of the revenue
AaB	394,113 <sup>1</sup>	11,326,723 (2013)	3,5 %
EfB	277,180	16,277,500 (2013)	1,7 %
HIF	136,653	8,384,473 (2014)	12,5 %
FFF	286,270² (2016)	2,862,716 (2014)	10 %

 $^{1}$ The variable rent in the total rent is based on 6393 (average attendance) x 0,63 (fee per spectator) x 17 (games in the league per season)



 $<sup>^{2}\</sup>mbox{The rent}$  is based on the new rental agreement between the municipality and the club



### **CONCLUSIONS**

- An increase of the revenues
- Municipal benevolence to provide good conditions for the local club(s)
- Major variation in the rental agreements
- EfB, OB & AaB have the highest rental costs...
- ...but pay less in relation to a comparable Swedish club





## **Questions?**

Play the Game Conference Marselis Hotel 26/10/2015

Analyst Jens Alm Jens.alm@idan.dk





### REFERENCES

Alm, J. 2014. Idrættens krav til offentlige idrætsanlæg. Copenhagen: Danish Institute for Sports Studies DBU, 2015. *DBU's Klublicenssystem. Manual for Superligaen* 2015/16

Storm, R.K. 2013. *Kommercielle sportsklubber – følelser eller forretning?* University of Southern Denmark

Szymanski, S., and Smith, R., 1997. The English football industry, profit, performance and industrial structure, *International Review of Applied Economics*, Vol. 11, No. 1, p. 135–153

Szymanski, S., 2015. *Money and soccer. A soccernomics guide*. New York: Nation Books



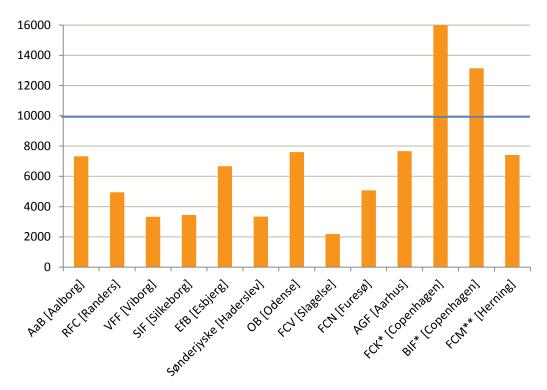


- Fixed rent could be price regulated or downgraded if the club is regulated
- Variable rent may depend on number of spectators, entrance fees or number of games
- Commercial rights may for example cover payment for catering, commerical and naming rights
- Maintenance may for example cover expenses to electricity, water and pitch maintenance
- Other offsetting the clubs' cofinancing of stadiums in the agreements or more complex constructions (e.g. Aarhus)



# DISCREPANCY BETWEEN THE CAPACITY REQUIREMENTS AND THE ACTUAL NEED

#### Average attendance 2010/11 - 2014/15



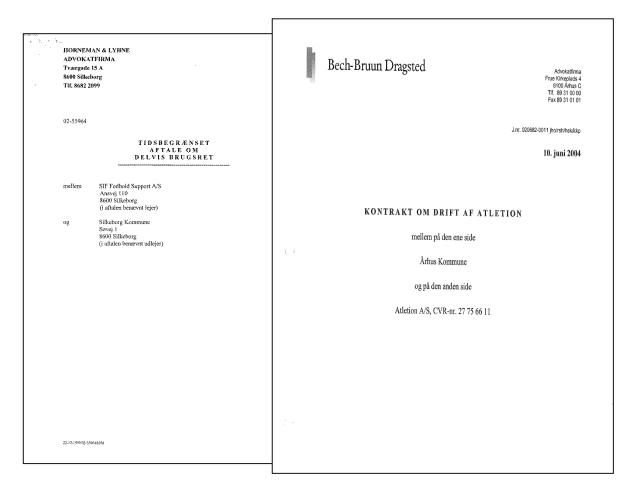
<sup>\*</sup> Playing at private owned stadiums

Source: Superstats.dk



<sup>\*\*</sup> Playing at semi-private owned stadium

## BUT WHAT ABOUT THE RENTAL AGREEMENTS?





### FINANCIAL STRENGTH - SPORTING SUCCESS

Strong correlation between players expenses and sporting success (e.g. Szymanski & Smith, 1997; Szymanski, 2015)

"A stadium that within all areas are of high quality, will attract more spectators and thus financial resources to the owner and/or license applicant. It allows possibilities to fund future stadium facilities and serves as a major source of income forms for the license applicant" (Danish FA, 2015, p. 39)





## BUT HOW MUCH DO DANISH CLUBS PAY IN COMPARANCE TO OTHERS?

